

- Degeneration of the dopamine-releasing neurons of the Substantia nigra is the disease- **Parkinson's disease.**
- What condition is caused by an abnormal of electrical discharges of brain neurons- **Epilepsy.**
- Frequency of sleep spindles- **10 to 14 Hz.**
- If people have damage in Broca's area then symptom will be- **MOTOR APHASIA.**
- In humans, making more serotonin available to brain cells typically- **produce an effect on mood.**
- Which type of connection provide Association fiber- **Fiber tract that provides communication between different parts of the same cerebral hemisphere**
- Which one of the following functions of the thalamus is FALSE?- **Storage of long-term memories** *Neocortex*
- What function is the temporal lobe associated with?- **Auditory Recognition**
- What is the role of melatonin in sleep cycles?- **it triggers the onset of sleep**
- EEGs can measure - **brain wave activity**
- The most prominent EEG wave pattern of an awake, relaxed adult whose eyes are closed is- **alpha waves**
- Papez circuit includes all of the following- **amygdala**
 - An individual who has difficulty falling asleep and then staying asleep (wakes up at least once during the night) may be suffering from: - **Insomnia**
 - This stage of sleep is characterized by the presence of delta waves: **slow wave sleep**
 - The brain area that regulates activities that control the state of wakefulness or alertness of the cerebral cortex is the **Reticular formation**
 - If people have damage in Wernicke's area of the brain, what symptom will they have - **Sensory Aphasia**
 - A technique used to assess language dominance and memory function before ablative surgery for epilepsy - **Intracarotid Amobarbital Procedure (Wada Test)**
 - Disruptions of cognition can result from either- **Cortical Pathway disconnections**
 - What is name of the Stage 3 and 4 sleep - **deep sleep**
 - When people are attentive to an external stimulus or are thinking about something, the alpha rhythm is replaced by- **Beta**
 - The reticular activating system (RAS) is comprised of specific pathways primarily in the limbic system- **non specific.**
 - Parkinson's disease, is caused by the degeneration of neurons in an area of the brain called the: - **Substantia nigra**
 - In the brain, *melanin* receptors are found in regions involved in the regulation of food intake and body weight, especially in the hypothalamic ARC nucleus- **Insulin**
 - Which of the following is a **major neurotrophic factor** in the brain involved in survival and guidance of neurons during development, and also required for the survival and function of neurons in the adult brain. **BDNF**
 - Benzodiazepines bind at the interface of the _____ on the GABAA receptor. **α and γ subunits**
 - In measures of dopaminergic activity _____ have been observed in **psychotically depressed patients** compared with nonpsychotic depressed patients.- **lower serum dopamine β-hydroxylase activity and higher plasma tyrosine hydroxylase** ←
 - In receptor studies downregulation and hyposensitivity of _____, receptors have been reported. **β-adrenergic, and possibly α2-adrenergic**
 - Which of the following is true regarding Benzodiazepines? **Benzodiazepines show no affinity for GABAA receptors containing α4 and α6 subunits with an arginine instead of a histidine residue.**
 - Which of the followings is true regarding insulin secretion? **As the β-cell [ATP]/[ADP] ratio increases, the activity of a membrane-bound, ATP-dependent K⁺ channel is inhibited**
 - Multiple methods of measuring cortical-hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis activity have provided evidence of altered function in patients with major depression, including ????
 - α-methyl-para-tyrosine (AMPT) has negligible effects on mood in healthy subjects, but produces a return of depressive symptoms in recovered depression patients treated with - **noradrenaline reuptake inhibitors**
 - Fill in the sentence: *Leptin* signals nutritional status to key regulatory centers in the hypothalamus. **Leptin**
 - Which of the following is not a glutamate ligand gated ion channel?- **mGluRs** *Metabotropic Glutamate Receptors*
 - The leptin receptor is expressed primarily in regions of the brain known to regulate - **feeding behavior**
 - Which of the following proteins is the most prominent in cerebral cortex?- **AC1**
 - GABAA receptor is an example of- **Ligand-gated ion channels**
 - The group 1 Adenylyl Cyclases are activated by Ca²⁺/calmodulin; half-maximal activation is achieved at a Ca²⁺ concentration of approximately - **150 nM**
 - Leptin is a peptide hormone secreted from- **adipocytes in proportion to fat mass**
 - Multiple methods of measuring cortical-hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis activity have provided evidence of altered function in patients with major depression, including
 - A) higher ACTH and cortisol responses to CRF after dexamethasone pretreatment
 - B) All of the answers are true
 - C) higher ACTH-induced cortisol secretion
 - D) elevated 5-hydroxytryptophan-induced cortisol secretion
 - Adenylyl Cyclase 1 - AC1 is activated by Gas and is thereby coupled to a variety of endocrine and neurotransmitter receptors, such as- **the D1 dopamine receptor and the β-adrenergic receptor**

Flow of the Papez Circuit (Step-by-Step)

Always write this order in exams:

1. **Hippocampus**
↓ via Fornix
2. **Mammillary Bodies (Hypothalamus)**
↓ via Mammillothalamic Tract
3. **Anterior Nucleus of Thalamus**
↓ to
4. **Cingulate Gyrus**
↓ via Cingulum
5. **Parahippocampal Gyrus / Entorhinal Cortex**
↓ back to
6. **Hippocampus** (loop closes)

*γ waves are seen in REM sleep.
Highest γ activity in wakefulness.*

15 Antidepressant treatment has, in recent studies, been shown to upregulate the cyclic adenosine monophosphate (cAMP)-response element-binding protein (CREB) cascade and expression of

Points: 0.5

- neurotrophin-4
- Nerve growth factor
- brain-derived neurotrophic factor
- neurotrophin-3

16 Which of the following proteins is the most prominent in cerebral cortex?

Points: 0.5

- Adenylyl Cyclase 1
- Adenylyl Cyclase 4
- Adenylyl Cyclase 3
- Adenylyl Cyclase 8

17 Which one of the following statements is not true regarding leptin?

Points: 0.5

- Leptin (Greek leptos, "thin") is a small protein (167 amino acids) that is produced in adipocytes and moves through the blood to the brain.
- The leptin receptor is expressed primarily in regions of the brain known to regulate feeding behavior.
- Leptin stimulates the parasympathetic nervous system, increasing blood pressure, heart rate, and thermogenesis.
- Leptin receptor interaction in the hypothalamus alters the release of neuronal signals to the region of the brain that affects appetite.

REM sleep

23

Points: 0.5

Answer Sheet Directions: Match the EEG waves on the left with it's frequency on the right

- Delta 1-4 Hz, Theta 4-8 Hz, Alpha 8-12 Hz, Beta 12-25 Hz.
- Delta 4-8 Hz, Theta 1-4 Hz, Beta 12-25 Hz, Alpha 8-12 Hz.
- Delta 1-4 Hz, Beta 8-12 Hz, Theta 12-25Hz, Alpha 4-8 Hz.

24

Points: 0.5

The brain area that regulates activities that control the state of wakefulness or alertness of the cerebral cortex is the

- reticular formation
- pyramids
- none

25

Points: 0.5

What condition is cause by a abnormal of electrical discharges of brain neurons

- schizophrenia
- PARKINSON
- EPILEPSY

26

Points: 0.5

ID: 26744 | First name, Last name: ჯანაია ნანდოცხე ბარბარე | Passport Number: 00009633172 | Course: Neuroscience (Physiology & Biochemistry) Sem5 | Start Date: 2022-05-06 17:27:02

00:49:17
12 px

31

Points: 0.5

If an individual uncontrollably falls asleep during the day, even while in the middle of a task, s/he may be suffering from:

- sleep apnea
- narcolepsy
- insomnia

32

Points: 0.5

Papez circuit includes all of the following EXCEPT:

- cingulate gyrus
- amygdala
- hippocampus

33

Points: 0.5

A technique used to assess language dominance and memory function before ablative surgery for epilepsy

- Somatosensory evoked potential
- Visual evoked potential
- Intracarotid Amobarbital Procedure (Wada's Test)

34

Points: 0.5

EEGs can measure

- Brain wave activity

Finish

- 36. If people have damage in Brocca's area of the brain, what symptom will they have

 - Sensory Aphasia
 - none
 - Motor Aphasia
- 37. Frequency of sleep spindles:

 - 20 to 80 Hz
 - 0.5 to 4 Hz
 - 4 to 7 Hz
 - 10 to 14 Hz
- 38. Degeneration of the dopamine-releasing neurons of the Substantia nigra is the disease

 - Epilepsy
 - Dementia
 - Parkinson's disease
- 39.

- 4 to 7 Hz
- 10 to 14 Hz

38

Degeneration of the dopamine-releasing neurons of the Substantia nigra is the disease:

- Epilepsy
- Dementia
- Parkinson's disease

Points: 0.5

39

Scientists are able to study sleep through the recording of brain waves, accomplished by the use of:

- Positron emission tomography (PET)
- electroencephalogram (EEG)
- Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)

Points: 0.5

40

The reticular activating system (RAS) is comprised of specific pathways primarily in the limbic system:

- True
- no specific
- False

Points: 0.5

34. EEGs can measure:

- Brain wave activity
- Heart attacks
- Pain in your ankle

35. In humans, making more serotonin available to brain cells typically:

- counteracts the effects of alcohol
- increases the stimulatory effects of caffeine
- produces an effect on mood

36. If people have damage in Brocca's area of the brain, what symptom will they have:

- Sensory Aphasia
- none
- Motor Aphasia

37. Frequency of sleep spindles:

- 20 to 80 Hz
- 10-16 Hz

25. What condition is caused by an abnormal electrical discharge of brain neurons? Points: 0.5

- Schizophrenia
- PARKINSON
- EPILEPSY

26. Which one of the following functions of the thalamus is FALSE? Points: 0.5

- Relays sensory and motor signals
- storage of long-term memories
- Regulates arousal and awareness

27. If people have damage in Wernicke's area of the brain, what symptom will they have? Points: 0.5

- Motor Aphasia
- sensory Aphasia
- none

28. Disruption of cognition can result from either? Points: 0.5

- Cortical Pathway disconnections
- none

28 Disruptions of cognition can result from either

- Cortical Pathway disconnections
- none
- Sub-cortical disconnections

Points: 0.5

29 Parkinson's disease, is caused by the degeneration of neurons in an area of the brain called the:

- Cerebellum
- Substantia nigra
- Corpus callosum

Points: 0.5

30 What is the role of melatonin in sleep cycles?

- it triggers the onset of sleep
- it keeps the brain from becoming overactive during the REM stage of sleep
- it helps the brain transition into wakefulness

Points: 0.5

31 If an individual uncontrollably falls asleep during the day, even while in the middle of a task, s/he may be suffering from:

- sleep apnea

Narcolepsy

Points: 0.5

- 20 What function is the temporal lobe associated with? Points: 0.5

 - Brocas area
 - Visual Recognition
 - Auditory Recognition
- 21 The most prominent EEG wave pattern of an awake, relaxed adult whose eyes are closed is Points: 0.5

 - Alpha
 - Theta
 - Beta
 - Delta
- 22 During what period of sleep do we dream? Points: 0.5

 - NREM sleep
 - Stage IV sleep
 - REM sleep
- 23 Points: 0.5

18 Points: 0.5

Benzodiazepines bind at the interface of the _____ on the GABAA receptor.

- α and γ subunits
- β and γ subunits
- δ and γ subunits
- α and β subunits

Physiology

Comment: Physiology

19 Points: 0.5

This stage of sleep is characterized by the presence of delta waves:

- Stage 2 sleep
- REM sleep → *Paradox*
- Slow wave sleep

20 Points: 0.5

What function is the temporal lobe associated with?

- Brocas area
- Visual Recognition

auditory

12

Points: 0.5

Proinsulin is converted to insulin by proteolytic cleavage, which removes

- the C-peptide and a few additional amino acid residues.
- the A-peptide.
- the C-peptide.
- the A-peptide and a few additional amino acid residues.

13

Points: 0.5

Which of the following is a major neurotrophic factor in the brain involved in survival and guidance of neurons during development, and also required for the survival and function of neurons in the adult brain.

- GDNF
- BDNF
- TNF
- ANF

14

Points: 0.5

Support for overactivity of the cholinergic system in the pathogenesis of depression is based on findings such as these:

- following abrupt withdrawal of anticholinergic medications, cholinergic rebound can cause a relapse of depression
- All of the answers are true
- in some cases, mania is reduced and depression induced by lecithin, an acetylcholine precursor;
- cholinergic input reduces REM latency (decreased REM latency is seen in major depression) and the anticholinergic properties of some antidepressants;

15

Points: 0.5

10 which of the following is not a glutamate ligand gated ion channel? Points: 0.5

- AMPA receptors
- kainate receptors
- N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptors
- mGluRs

10 Which of the followings is not a role of thermogenin? Points: 0.5

- Thermogenin permits continual oxidation of fuel (fatty acids in an adipocyte) without ATP synthesis
- Thermogenin allows protons to reenter the mitochondrial matrix without passing through the ATP synthase complex
- Thermogenin forms a channel in the outer mitochondrial membrane
- Thermogenin forms a channel in the inner mitochondrial membrane

11 Multiple methods of measuring cortical-hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis activity have provided evidence of altered function in patients with major depression, including Points: 0.5

- Elevated corticotropin-releasing factor (CRF) concentrations in CSF
- All of the answers are true
- blunted adrenocorticotrophic hormone (ACTH) and β -endorphin responses after intravenous CRF administration
- lower CRF binding in prefrontal cortex in depressed suicides

6 Leptin is a peptide hormone secreted from

- hepatocytes in proportion to fat mass
- hepatocytes in proportion to carbohydrate mass
- adipocytes in proportion to fat mass
- adipocytes in proportion to carbohydrate mass

Points: 0.5

7 Which of the following is true regarding Benzodiazepines?

- Benzodiazepines show no affinity for GABAA receptors containing $\alpha 4$ and $\alpha 6$ subunits with a histidine instead of an arginine residue.
- Benzodiazepines show no affinity for GABAA receptors containing $\beta 4$ and $\beta 6$ subunits with a histidine instead of an arginine residue.
- Benzodiazepines show no affinity for GABAA receptors containing $\alpha 4$ and $\alpha 6$ subunits with an arginine instead of a histidine residue.
- Benzodiazepines show no affinity for GABAA receptors containing $\beta 4$ and $\beta 6$ subunits with an arginine instead of a histidine residue.

Points: 0.5

8 GABAA receptor is an example of:

- Receptor tyrosine kinases
- G protein coupled receptors
- Ligand-gated ion channels
- Voltage-gated ion channels

Points: 0.5

1 Fill in the sentence: _____ signals nutritional status to key regulatory centers in the hypothalamus. Points: 0.5

- Serotonin
- Dopamine
- Ghrelin
- Leptin

2 Lower glucose uptake in dorsolateral pre frontal cortex in depression could reflect. Points: 0.5

- more opaminergic activity in the cortex
- less glutaminergic activity in the cortex
- more glutaminergic activity in the cortex
- less adrenergic activity in the cortex

3 Antidepressant treatment increases the density of Points: 0.5

- $\beta 2$ adrenergic receptors
- $\alpha 1$ adrenergic receptors
- $\beta 1$ adrenergic receptors
- $\alpha 2$ adrenergic receptors

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12 px 00:49:57

Biochemistry

Comment: Biochemistry

1 Adenylyl Cyclase 1 - AC1 is activated by G_s and is thereby coupled to a variety of endocrine and neurotransmitter receptors, such as

Points: 0.5

the D1 dopamine receptor and the β-adrenergic receptor

the D4 dopamine receptor

the D2 dopamine receptor

the α1-adrenergic receptor

2 The group I Adenylyl Cyclases are activated by Ca²⁺/calmodulin; half-maximal activation is achieved at a Ca²⁺ concentration of approximately

Points: 0.5

150 μM

150 M

150 mM

150 nM

3 Fill in the sentence: Leptin signals nutritional status to key regulatory centers in the hypothalamus.

Points: 0.5

Serotonin

Dopamine

Finish



ID: 26703 | First name, Last name: კახელაშვილი ეკიმოვი | Passport Number: 00004300197 | Course: Neuroscience (Physiology & Biochemistry) Sensory | Start Date: 2022-05-06 15:57:04

შრიდების ზომა: 12 px



00:49:42

25

Points: 0.5

Which of the following is true regarding Benzodiazepines?

- Benzodiazepines show no affinity for GABAA receptors containing $\alpha 4$ and $\alpha 6$ subunits with a histidine instead of an arginine residue.
- Benzodiazepines show no affinity for GABAA receptors containing $\beta 4$ and $\beta 6$ subunits with an arginine instead of a histidine residue.
- Benzodiazepines show no affinity for GABAA receptors containing $\alpha 4$ and $\alpha 6$ subunits with an arginine instead of a histidine residue.
- Benzodiazepines show no affinity for GABAA receptors containing $\beta 4$ and $\beta 6$ subunits with a histidine instead of an arginine residue.

26

Points: 0.5

Which of the followings is true regarding insulin secretion?

- The decrease in intracellular Ca^{2+} stimulates the fusion of insulin containing exocytotic vesicles with the plasma membrane, resulting in insulin secretion
- As the β -cell $[ATP]/[ADP]$ ratio increases, the activity of a membrane-bound, ATP-dependent K^+ channel is inhibited
- Glucose is phosphorylated through the action of hexokinase to form glucose 6-phosphate, which is metabolized through glycolysis, the TCA cycle, and oxidative phosphorylation.
- Glucose enters the β -cell via specific glucose transporter proteins known as GLUT 4

27

Points: 0.5

Module Custom 1: Ca^{2+} is activated by Ca^{2+} and is thereby coupled to a variety of enzymes and neurotransmitter receptors, such as

Finish



ID: 26703 | First name, Last name: კახელან ეზვიდელი | Passport Number: 00004300197 | Course: Neuroscience (Physiology & Biochemistry) Sensory | Start Date: 2022-05-06 15:57:04

შრიცხვა ზომა: 12 px

00:49:39

27

Points: 0.5

Adenylyl Cyclase 1 - AC1 is activated by G α s and is thereby coupled to a variety of endocrine and neurotransmitter receptors, such as

- the D1 dopamine receptor and the β -adrenergic receptor
- the D2 dopamine receptor
- the α 1-adrenergic receptor
- the D4 dopamine receptor

28

Points: 0.5

Which of the following is a major neurotrophic factor in the brain involved in survival and guidance of neurons during development, and also required for the survival and function of neurons in the adult brain.

- TNF
- GDNF
- BDNF
- ANF

29

Points: 0.5

Lower glucose intake in developmental fetal cortex in depression could reflect

Finish



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00:49:33

29

Points: 0.5

Lower glucose uptake in dorsolateral pre frontal cortex in depression could reflect

- less adrenergic activity in the cortex
- more opaminergic activity in the cortex
- more glutaminergic activity in the cortex
- less glutaminergic activity in the cortex

30

Points: 0.5

GABAA receptor is an example of:

- G-protein coupled receptors
- Ligand-gated ion channels
- Receptor tyrosine kinases
- Voltage-gated ion channels

31

Points: 0.5

Leutin is a peptide hormone secreted from

Finish



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შრიცხვის ზომა 12 px



00:49:26

33

Points: 0.5

The group 1 Adenylyl Cyclases are activated by Ca^{2+} /calmodulin; half-maximal activation is achieved at a Ca^{2+} concentration of approximately

- 150 μ M
- 150 mM
- 150 M
- 150 nM

34

Points: 0.5

most patients with depression, although generally viewed as chemically euthyroid, have altered thyroid function, including

- blunted thyrotropin (TSH) response to thyrotropin-releasing hormone (TRH) stimulation
- All of the answers are true
- loss of the nocturnal TSH rise
- slight elevation of the serum thyroxine (T4)

Finish



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26703	კახელან ეზვიდელი	00004300197	Neuroscience (Physiology & Biochemistry) Sensory	2022-05-06 15:57:04

შრიფტის ზომა
12 px



00:49:29

31

Points: 0.5

Leptin is a peptide hormone secreted from

- hepatocytes in proportion to fat mass
- adipocytes in proportion to carbohydrate mass
- adipocytes in proportion to fat mass
- hepatocytes in proportion to carbohydrate mass

32

Points: 0.5

Antidepressant treatment increases the density of

- β 1-adrenergic receptors
- α 1-adrenergic receptors
- β 2-adrenergic receptors
- α 2-adrenergic receptors

Finish



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შრიდგის ზომა: 12 px

00:49:23



35 Points: 0.5

In measures of dopaminergic activity _____ have been observed in psychotically depressed patients compared with nonpsychotic depressed patients.

- lower serum tyrosine hydroxylase activity and higher plasma dopamine and HVA concentrations
- lower serum dopamine β -hydroxylase activity and higher plasma tyrosine hydroxylase
- lower cortical dopamine β -hydroxylase activity and higher plasma dopamine and HVA concentrations
- lower serum dopamine β -hydroxylase activity and higher plasma dopamine and HVA concentrations

36 Points: 0.5

Benzodiazepines bind at the interface of the _____ on the GABAA receptor.

- α and γ subunits
- δ and γ subunits
- β and γ subunits
- α and β subunits



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შრიფტის ზომა: 12 px

00:49:20

37

Points: 0.5

Which of the followings is not a role of thermogenin?

- Thermogenin permits continual oxidation of fuel (fatty acids in an adipocyte) without ATP synthesis
- Thermogenin forms a channel in the inner mitochondrial membrane
- Thermogenin forms a channel in the outer mitochondrial membrane
- Thermogenin allows protons to reenter the mitochondrial matrix without passing through the ATP synthase complex

38

Points: 0.5

Proinsulin is converted to insulin by proteolytic cleavage, which removes

- the C-peptide and a few additional amino acid residues.
- the A-peptide and a few additional amino acid residues
- the A-peptide.
- the C-peptide.

39

Points: 0.5

Which of the following contains the most essential in cerebral cortex?

Finish



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შრიდგის ზომა 12 px



00:49:18

3

Points: 0.5

Which of the following proteins is the most prominent in cerebral cortex?

- Adenylyl Cyclase 8
- Adenylyl Cyclase 4
- Adenylyl Cyclase 3
- Adenylyl Cyclase 1

4

Points: 0.5

Support for overactivity of the cholinergic system in the pathogenesis of depression is based on findings such as these:

- following abrupt withdrawal of anticholinergic medications, cholinergic rebound can cause a relapse of depression
- All of the answers are true
- In some cases, mania is reduced and depression induced by lecithin, an acetylcholine precursor;
- Cholinergic input reduces REM latency (decreased REM latency is seen in major depression) and the anticholinergic properties of some antidepressants;

Finish



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ბრუნების ზომა: 12 px

00:49:46

Comment: Biochemistry

23

Points: 0.5

which of the following is not a glutamate ligand gated ion channel?

- mGluRs
- AMPA receptors
- N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptors
- kainate receptors

24

Points: 0.5

The leptin receptor is expressed primarily in regions of the brain known to regulate

- circadian rhythm
- mood and anxiety
- feeding behavior
- conciseness

Finish

